

# MEETING THE PUBLIC SECTOR EQUALITY DUTY

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE NOTE

This note outlines the role of the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) within the Towns Fund and provides some material to support its discharge.

#### INTRODUCTION TO THE PUBLIC SECTOR EQUALITY DUTY AND PROTECTED **CHARACTERISTICS**

The Equality Act 2010<sup>1</sup> set out measures to protect people from discrimination. The 'axes' on which this is defined and measured cover the nine protected characteristics:

- Age
- Disability
- **Gender reassignment**
- Marriage and civil partnership (note, this is a protected characteristic only in regard to eliminating discrimination)
- **Pregnancy and maternity**
- Race
- Region or belief
- Sex
- Sexual orientation

The Equality Act also sets the PSED, requiring public bodies (as defined in the Act, but for the purposes of the Towns Fund, covering all local authorities) to consider how their policies or decisions affect people who are protected under the Equality Act.

The standard set is to ensure local authorities 'have due regard' to the need to 'eliminate discrimination ... advance quality of opportunity, and ... foster good relations between different people'. As such, it is a positive or affirmative duty, in that equality should be promoted, as opposed to a 'do not harm' duty to not worsen a situation. To support this, positive discrimination is possible.

Additionally, in 2014 Government introduced a requirement for government departments to explicitly consider the family perspective in decision making – the 'Family Test'<sup>2</sup>. Whilst the Family Test only applies to government departments and not local authorities. Towns may choose to consider alongside the protected characteristics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Government has published guidance on the Family Test. Although this is not required from local authorities, the same considerations are often part of local authority decision making and policy targeting. It is not a statutory requirement, but there is an expectation that government departments will undertaker it where it is relevant and proportionate to do so. Although Government Departments are expected to document the Family Test, they are not obliged to publish them.













<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.gov.uk/guidance/equality-act-2010-guidance



## **DISCHARGING THE PUBLIC SECTOR EQUALITY DUTY**

PSED is discharged in different manners, depending on whether a specific project/programme is being assessed or it is a wider programme/strategy.

- For a specific project or programme (such as a local plan, development proposal that might require planning permission or is a particular thing in a particular place) the PSED is normally demonstrated and discharged through an equalities impact assessment (EqIA). There is no mandatory or statutory requirement to complete an EqIA, nor for a record to be kept of how equalities considerations have been taken into account. However, both are considered good practice and provide a trail for audit, challenge and defence.
- For a programme, strategy or something that covers a wider area (even nation-wide) or wider array of projects it would be more usual to wrap the PSED into a regulatory impact assessment (RIA), considered alongside other strategic considerations. (It should be noted that government RIA quidance<sup>3</sup> does talk about the impact on places, businesses and people but does not refer explicitly to protected characteristics, and as such does not fulfil the PSED.)

Towns Fund bids are likely to comprise a range of projects and may cover a substantial geographic area. They therefore 'fall between' an EqIA and an RIA, and it is suggested that both these scales/types of assessment are required.

To support Towns in discharging the PSED, a set of two inter-related templates are provided which together provide a simple framework for considering impact on the protected characteristics as well as the Family Test (if chosen to include in the assessment):

- a project-level assessment template; and
- a programme-level assessment template.

The templates reflect the principles of EqIA and RIA and provide an integrated method for assessment and recording. Notwithstanding the templates, local authorities are responsible for the proportionality and robustness of their assessment, and may need to go beyond the templates to reflect local circumstances and/or to undertake a more detailed assessment of projects of a higher intensity or complexity.

As well as simply discharging the PSED for its own sake, assessing how projects and the wider programme impact on different groups of people is a valuable exercise in making sure that the Towns Fund investment benefits all and is as successful as possible. Following the assessment, there may be a need for further actions, including changing aspects of the projects or even re-prioritising projects. The TFDP have developed a Project Re-Prioritisation Tool for Stage 2 of the Towns Fund, which nudges you to ensure you have considered relevant PSED implications on your projects during project confirmation stage. You can download that tool and watch a tutorial for how to use it by clicking this link: https://townsfund.org.uk/resources-collection/project-re-prioritisation-tool.

<sup>3</sup> https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/impact-assessments-guidance-for-government-departments













# **TERMS & CONDITIONS**



- This document has been developed by the Towns Fund Delivery Partner, a consortium led by Ove Arup & Partners Ltd with our partners, Grant Thornton UK LLP, Nichols Group Ltd, FutureGov Ltd, Copper Consultancy Ltd and Savills UK Ltd (collectively 'we'). The content of this document is for your general information and use only.
- Neither we nor any third parties provide any warranty or guarantee as to the accuracy, timeliness, performance, completeness or suitability of the information and materials found in this document for any particular purpose. You acknowledge that such information and materials may contain inaccuracies or errors and we expressly exclude liability for any such inaccuracies or errors to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- Your use of any information or materials contained in this document is entirely at your own risk, for which we shall not be liable.
- This document contains material which is owned by or licensed to us. This material includes, but is
  not limited to, the design, layout, look, appearance and graphics. Reproduction is prohibited other
  than in accordance with the copyright notice which can be found at townsfund.org.uk
- Unauthorised use of this document may give rise to a claim for damages and/or be a criminal
  offence.
- This document may also include links to other materials, websites or services. These links are
  provided for your convenience to provide further information. They do not signify that we explicitly
  endorse these materials, websites or services.
- Your use of this content and any dispute arising out of such use of the content is subject to the laws of England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.
- For formal Government guidance on Towns Fund please visit gov.uk



### PROJECT-LEVEL ASSESSMENT - MARINE LAKE EVENTS CENTRE & THE LIGHT FANTASTIC

The project-level assessment table has been completed for the project, as provided below. This follows EqIA principles to help to provide assurance that the duty has been appropriately discharged (and the outcomes recorded). The table is intended for submission as part of the business case, as well as included in the summary document.

Name of project:	Marine Lake Events Centre & The Light Fantastic				
Project objectives: (describe the project's aim as it relates to protected characteristics)	The overall vision is to transform the STCC into a high quality, distinctive entertainment and business events venue capable of providing exceptional experiences to audiences and users. It will be an anchor for the Waterfront redevelopment, retaining and attracting visitors and driving economic impact for Southport. This will also result in:				
	<ul> <li>Improved community well-being benefits</li> <li>Improved access to a range of cultural activities/ benefits for both residents and visitors</li> </ul>				

	Protected Characteristics (Part 1)				
Consideration	Age	Disability	Gender reassignment	Marriage and civil partnerships	Pregnancy and maternity
Baseline situation (describe only where different to the national average, or where otherwise relevant)	Dukes Ward* (main ward covering the project area) to be compared against Sefton as a Borough / Liverpool City Region and England.  31% of the population in Dukes Ward is aged 65 and over compared to 24% in Sefton, 19% cross the Liverpool City Region and 18% in England.  6% of the population in Dukes Ward is aged 85 and over, compared to 3% in the Borough and 2% in the Liverpool City Region and England  The project is also heavily aimed at visitors from a regional/national catchment area that will fall within the national average.	Dukes Ward* (main ward covering the project area) to be compared against Sefton as a Borough / Liverpool City Region and England.  Approximately 9% residents aged 65 and over received some form of long-term care from Sefton's Adult Social Care during the 2020/21 financial year.  In January 2021, 812 residents were claiming PIP, a rate of 103 per 1000 residents (aged 16+). This is compared to 101.1 per 1000 in Sefton, 111.1 per 1000 in LCR, 83.4 per 1000 in the NW and 61.8 per 100 in England  During the 2011 Census, 9% of residents were in either bad or very bad health (Sefton average was 7%). 28% had their activities limited a little or a lot by their health (Sefton average was 23%)  The project is also heavily aimed at visitors from a regional/national catchment area that will fall within the national average.	N/A	N/A	Dukes Ward* (main ward covering the project area) to be compared against Sefton as a Borough and England.  The general fertility rate of 53.8 in Dukes ward is significantly lower than the Sefton (60.1) and England (60.6) rates.  The project is also heavily aimed at visitors from a regional/national catchment area that will fall within the national average.













	Protected Characteristics (Part 1)					
Consideration	Age	Disability	Gender reassignment	Marriage and civil partnerships	Pregnancy and maternity	
Assessment text	The MLEC will be a space which	The MLEC will be a space which	N/A	N/A	The MLEC will be a space which	
(summary of how the proposed project affects the	can be used by everyone and	can be used by everyone and		1,47.	can be used by everyone and	
protected characteristic)	achieve world-class standards	achieve world-class standards			achieve world-class standards	
,	relating to inclusivity, accessibility,	relating to inclusivity,			relating to inclusivity,	
	and wellbeing.	accessibility, and wellbeing.			accessibility, and wellbeing.	
		accessing, and wendering.			accessionity, and nonzenigi	
	The site is set between the	The site is set between the			The site is set between the	
	Promenade, adjacent to Bold	Promenade, adjacent to Bold			Promenade, adjacent to Bold	
	Street, and the Lower Promenade	Street, and the Lower Promenade			Street, and the Lower Promenade	
	facing directly onto Marine Lake.	facing directly onto Marine Lake.			facing directly onto Marine Lake.	
	The site is located within a 3.9m	The site is located within a 3.9m			The site is located within a 3.9m	
	level change between the Lower Promenade and main entrance on	level change between the Lower			level change between the Lower	
	the southeast corner of the site.	Promenade and main entrance on			Promenade and main entrance on	
	There are challenges with the	the southeast corner of the site.			the southeast corner of the site.	
	topography and terrain.	There are challenges with the			There are challenges with the	
	topography and torrain.	topography and terrain.			topography and terrain.	
	The inclusion of lift access	The inclusion of lift			The inclusion of lift	
	to all public areas will	access to all public areas			access to all public areas	
	ensure access to all levels	will ensure			will ensure	
	of the development.	Drop-off points are			Drop-off points are	
	Drop-off points are	provided outside of the			provided outside of the	
	provided outside of the	main entrance and to the			main entrance and to the	
	main entrance and to the	east of the site adjacent to			east of the site adjacent to	
	east of the site adjacent to	the car park on the			the car park on the	
	the car park on the	Promenade level. Suitably			Promenade level. Suitably	
	Promenade level. Suitably	design set-down points for			design set-down points for	
	design set-down points for	taxis and community			taxis and community	
	taxis and community	transport vehicles			transport vehicles	
	transport vehicles	<ul> <li>All accessible parking bay</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>In total, 2 quiet rooms</li> </ul>	
	All accessible parking bay provision will be located	provision will be located			with storage for sensory	
	within a 50m distance of	within a 50m distance of			elements such as fidget	
	all entrances	all entrances			toys and blankets will be	
	All doors will have an	There is provision of 12			provided within the	
	opening force not	permanent wheelchair			control room area	
	exceeding 30N or will be	spaces, 6 at Lower			There will also be a	
	power operated	Promenade and 6 at			number of dedicated	
		Promenade level (1% of			baby change facilities.	
		the capacity).  • A further 12 accessible				
		removable seats have				
		been identified on the				
		back row of the upper				
		terrace to achieve 2% of				
		the total capacity which				
		will be capable of				
		accommodating				
		ambulant disabled users				
		as an example.				
		<ul> <li>counters will incorporate</li> </ul>				
		a lowered section to				
		enable a seated or				
		1				
		standing user to communicate easily with				

			Protected Characteristics (Part 1)		
Consideration	Age	Disability	Gender reassignment	Marriage and civil partnerships	Pregnancy and maternity
Consideration	Age	staff and the provision of fixed hearing enhancement system  • A secure enclosed space for storing and charging mobility aids such as mobility scooters will be provided.  • In total, 2 quiet rooms with storage for sensory elements such as fidget toys and blankets will be provided within the control room area.  • A Changing Places toilet (CPTs) will be included within the scheme.	Gender reassignment	Marriage and civil partnerships	Pregnancy and maternity
Is the effect positive/negative/mixed?	+VE / M / -VE	+VE / M / -VE	+VE / M / -VE	+VE / M / -VE	+VE / M / -VE
(add an explanation)	Positive The design of the MLEC with several inclusions will ensure the events centre can be visited and enjoyed by all ages, lifts, level access and appropriate drop of locations will ensure the elderly population will be able to visit and enjoy the cultural offers.  The appointed operator has also confirmed that it has adopted the UN SDGs and identified 3 areas where we can make a meaningful difference:  1. Community 2. Environmental Sustainability 3. Diversity & Inclusion	Positive An initial consultation meeting was held with Southport Access for Everyone (SAFE) on 21 April 2022, where they provided constructive feedback on the proposals as part of the design process. The consultation with SAFE will continue as the design process develops  The appointed operator has also confirmed that it has adopted the UN SDGs and identified 3 areas where we can make a meaningful difference:  1. Community 2. Environmental Sustainability 3. Diversity & Inclusion	N/A	N/A	Positive The design of the MLEC with several inclusions will ensure the events centre can be visited and enjoyed by all. Lifts, level access and appropriate drop of locations will ensure those who are pregnant or with young babies will be able to visit and enjoy the cultural offers.  The appointed operator has also confirmed that it has adopted the UN SDGs and identified 3 areas where we can make a meaningful difference:  1. Community 2. Environmental Sustainability 3. Diversity & Inclusion
If the effect is negative or mixed:					
Is the effect significant? (add an explanation)	N The MLEC will be an exemplar project ensuring it is full inclusive and a leader with regards to design access.	N The MLEC will be an exemplar project ensuring it is full inclusive and a leader with regards to design access.	YN N/A	Y / N N/A	N The MLEC will be an exemplar project ensuring it is full inclusive and a leader with regards to design access.
What embedded mitigation does the project contain?	Mitigation will be embedded as part of the design process and continuing consultation with Sefton Partnership for Older Citizens (SPOC). Sefton will also work in partnership with the future operator to ensure all outcomes are achieved.	Mitigation will be embedded as part of the design process and continuing consultation with Southport Access for Everyone. Sefton will also work in partnership with the future operator to ensure all outcomes are achieved.	N/A	NA	Mitigation will be embedded as part of the design process and continuing consultation with Southport Access for Everyone. Sefton will also work in partnership with the future operator to ensure all outcomes are achieved.

	Protected Characteristics (Part 1)					
Consideration	Age	Disability	Gender reassignment	Marriage and civil partnerships	Pregnancy and maternity	
What residual significant effects remain?	None	None	N/A	N/A	None	
Is there an in-combination effect across multiple protected characteristics (across both Part 1 and Part 2 of the assessment table)?  (e.g. the proposed project has minor effects across several protected characteristics which, when considered together, have a more significant impact)	No, the main effects are not significant in combination in and of themselves. The effects are positive for protected characteristics and will help support and encourage wider transformational change					
What action is required? Who will be accountable for it? (this could include further mitigation measures or reprioritisation of projects)	None required	None Required	N/A	N/A	None Required	

Consideration	Protected Characteristics (Part 2)					
	Race	Religion or belief	Sex	Sexual orientation	'Family Test' (if used)	
Baseline situation (describe only where different to the national average, or where otherwise relevant)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Assessment text (summary of how the proposed project affects the protected characteristic)	The detailed design has been developed to ensure that the project (which will impact upon the public, internal and external staff) is not discriminatory, provides equality of opportunity and fosters good relations between groups with protected characteristics. These have been taken into consideration as part of the detailed design process and in accordance with the councils Equality and diversity policy.  No negative effects have been identified through the development of the business cases but the impact of the project against groups with protected characteristics will be re-assessed as the detailed design is developed, the project progresses, and the operator is in place.	The detailed design has been developed to ensure that the project (which will impact upon the public, internal and external staff) is not discriminatory, provides equality of opportunity and fosters good relations between groups with protected characteristics. These have been taken into consideration as part of the detailed design process and in accordance with the councils Equality and diversity policy.  No negative effects have been identified through the development of the business cases but the impact of the project against groups with protected characteristics will be re-assessed as the detailed design is developed, the project progresses, and the operator is in place.	The detailed design has been developed to ensure that the project (which will impact upon the public, internal and external staff) is not discriminatory, provides equality of opportunity and fosters good relations between groups with protected characteristics. These have been taken into consideration as part of the detailed design process and in accordance with the councils Equality and diversity policy.  No negative effects have been identified through the development of the business cases but the impact of the project against groups with protected characteristics will be re-assessed as the detailed design is developed, the project progresses, and the operator is in place.	The detailed design has been developed to ensure that the project (which will impact upon the public, internal and external staff) is not discriminatory, provides equality of opportunity and fosters good relations between groups with protected characteristics. These have been taken into consideration as part of the detailed design process and in accordance with the councils Equality and diversity policy.  No negative effects have been identified through the development of the business cases but the impact of the project against groups with protected characteristics will be re-assessed as the detailed design is developed, the project progresses, and the operator is in place.		
Is the effect positive/negative/mixed? (add an explanation)	+VE / M / -VE N/A	+VE / M / -VE				

	Protected Characteristics (Part 2)					
Consideration	Race	Religion or belief	Sex	Sexual orientation	'Family Test' (if used)	
Is the effect significant?	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	
(add an explanation)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
What embedded mitigation does the project contain?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
What residual significant effects remain?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Is there an in-combination effect across multiple protected characteristics (across both Part 1 and Part 2 of the assessment table)?  (e.g. the proposed project has minor effects across	No					
several protected characteristics which, when considered together, have a more significant impact)						
What action is required? Who will be accountable for it? (this could include further mitigation measures or reprioritisation of projects)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		













